



6 JUL 1994

HIGH RADIATION ABSORBED DOSE MEASUREMENT
WITH CLEAR POLYMETHYLMETACRYLATE (PMMA)

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อธิพนธ์นาการ

จาก

“วิทยานิพนธ์การวัดปริมาณรังสีที่ดูดซับในพลาสติกอะคริลิกใส”

A THESIS SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT OF
THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF
MASTER OF SCIENCE
(RADIOLOGICAL SCIENCE)

IN

FACULTY OF GRADUATE STUDIES

MAHIDOL UNIVERSITY

1993

THESIS TITLE High Radiation Absorbed Dose Measurement with Clear Polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA)

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DATE OF GRADUATION 21 April B.E. 2537 (1994)

ABSTRACT

In irradiation processing applications, it is important that the product must received optimum radiation absorbed dose in order to produce desired effects. It is therefore necessary that highly qualified dosimeter should be used to ensure reliability in radiation absorbed dose measurement. A large amount of dosimeters are needed in irradiation process. The locally produced plastic called clear Polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA) has been tried for using as routine dosimeter. The basic quality control, for instance, the absorbed dose range, selection of suitable wavelength for measuring optical density, fading, precision, reproducibility, accuracy and batch to batch

variation , lead to progressive study of its characteristics to improve its dosimetric qualities. The results of this study indicate that , at normal atmosphere and room temperature . the clear PMMA has suitable absorbed dose range 0.5 to 20 kGy at wavelength 265 nm . The optical density measurement should be performed 0 to 3 days after irradiation . The precision and accuracy of this clear PMMA are within $\pm 5\%$. It is an acceptable value within standard limit.

